

# Acetonitrile

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Date of issue: 03/04/2017 Version: 0.0

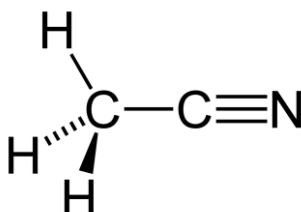
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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance  
Substance name : Acetonitrile  
EC Index-No. : 608-001-00-3  
EC-No. : 200-835-2  
CAS-No. : 75-05-8  
Type of product : Pure substance, Small container  
Formula : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>N  
Chemical structure :



Synonyms : Acetonitrile / cyanomethane

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture : Chemical substance for research  
Laboratory chemical

##### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ISOLAB Laborgeräte GmbH  
Am Dillhof 2 - 63863 Eschau / GERMANY  
Tel: +49 93 74 / 978 55-0  
Fax: +49 93 74 / 978 55-29  
[prodsafe@isolab.de](mailto:prodsafe@isolab.de)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Germany	Giftnotruf der Charité CBF, Haus VIII (Wirtschaftsgebäude), UG	Hindenburgdamm 30 12203 Berlin	+49 30 19240	

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225  
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312  
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) H332  
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302  
Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

##### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

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### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



Signal word (CLP) :

Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) :

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements (CLP) :

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P403+233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%
Acetonitrile	(CAS-No.) 75-05-8 (EC-No.) 200-835-2 (EC Index-No.) 608-001-00-3	100

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Do not apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Call Poison Information Centre ( <a href="http://www.big.be/antigif.htm">www.big.be/antigif.htm</a> ). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Doctor: administration of chemical antidote.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Feeling of weakness. Headache. Dizziness. Mental confusion. Nausea. Vomiting. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Increased salivation. Disturbances of heart rate. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness. Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Risk of lung oedema.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Risk of aspiration pneumonia. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: No specific information available. SIMILAR PRODUCTS CAUSE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS: Runny nose. Feeling of weakness. Headache. Dizziness. Gastrointestinal complaints. Loss of appetite. Loss of weight.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide. MAJOR FIRE: Water spray. Polyvalent foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapour flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Explosion hazard	: DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire	: Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.
Firefighting instructions	: If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.
Protection during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. See "Material-Handling" to select protective clothing.
Emergency procedures	: Mark the danger area. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Wash contaminated clothes.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Contain leaking substance. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapour with water curtain.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into a non combustible material e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Contaminated surfaces: clean (treat) with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Observe normal hygiene standards. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.
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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Heat and ignition sources : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.  
Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong) bases. water/moisture.  
Storage area : Store in a dry area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Store at ambient temperature. Keep out of direct sunlight. Meet the legal requirements.  
Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.  
Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. aluminium. iron. polyethylene. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: copper. plastics.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)			
Application Area	Exposure routes	Health effect	Value
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects, Acute systemic effects	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	32,2 mg/kg BW/d
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects, Long-term systemic effects	68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. chlorinated polyethylene. tetrafluoroethylene. neoprene/butyl rubber. neoprene/natural rubber. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: PVA. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. polyethylene. natural rubber. neoprene. PVC. viton

#### Hand protection:

Gloves

#### Eye protection:

Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit

Device	Filter type	Condition	Standard
Gas mask	Type A - High-boiling (>65 °C) organic compounds	If conc. in air > exposure limit	



## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid  
Appearance : Liquid.  
Molecular mass : 41.05 g/mol  
Colour : Colourless.

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Odour	: Sweet odour. Aromatic odour. Ether-like odour.
Odour threshold	: 42 ppm 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: 5.8
Melting point	: -45.7°C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 81.6 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	: 2 °C closed cup
Critical temperature	: 275 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 524 °C
Decomposition temperature	: > 120 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 97 hPa (20 °C)
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: 360 hPa (50 °C)
Critical pressure	: 48320 hPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 1.4
Relative density	: 0.79 (20 °C)
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: 1.04
Density	: 786 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in acetone. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in methylacetate. Soluble in dichloroethane. Soluble in tetrachloromethane. Soluble in tetrachloroethene. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in ethylacetate. Soluble in oils/fats. Water: Complete Ethanol: Complete Ether: Complete Acetone: Complete
Log Pow	: 0.29 (Weight of evidence approach; Equivalent or similar to OECD 107; 25 °C)
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.003 Pa.s (40 °C)
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 3.0 - 17.0 vol %

### 9.2. Other information

Specific conductivity	: 60000 pS/m
Saturation concentration	: 163 g/m <sup>3</sup>
VOC content	: 100 %
Other properties	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Volatile. Substance has neutral reaction. May generate electrostatic charges.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts slowly with water (moisture): release of corrosive gases/vapours (ammonia, nitrous vapours). On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide). Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Reacts violently with (strong) reducers. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours).

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to moisture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No additional information available

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)	
LD50 oral rat	2730 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2.000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	27 mg/l/4h (Rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Carcinogenicity : Not classified  
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
STOT-single exposure : Not classified  
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified  
Aspiration hazard : Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Classification concerning the environment: not applicable.  
Ecology - air : Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).  
Ecology - water : Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 0.050 mg/l (cyanide) (Directive 98/83/EC). Not harmful to fishes (LC50(96h) >1000 mg/l). Not harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia) (EC50 (48h) > 1000 mg/l). Not harmful to algae (EC50 (72h) >1000 mg/l). Highly toxic to plankton. Not harmful to bacteria (EC50 >1000 mg/l). Inhibition of activated sludge. Nitrification of activated sludge isn't inhibited.

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)	
LC50 fish 1	1640 mg/l (LC50; Other; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 1000 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 1	9696 mg/l (EC50; ISO 10253; 72 h; Phaeodactylum; Static system; Salt water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 2	> 1000 mg/l (EC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.17 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.12 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3.162 (BCF; BCFWIN)
Log Pow	0.29 (Weight of evidence approach; Equivalent or similar to OECD 107; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetonitrile (75-05-8)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m (20 °C)

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Recycle by distillation. Do not landfill. Incinerate under surveillance with energy recovery. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.
- Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 06. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.
- European List of Waste (LoW) code : 16 05 06\* - laboratory chemicals consisting of or containing dangerous substances including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
<b>14.1. UN number</b>				
1648	1648	1648	1648	1648
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>				
ACETONITRILE	ACETONITRILE	Acetonitrile	ACETONITRILE	ACETONITRILE
<b>Transport document description</b>				
UN 1648 ACETONITRILE, 3, II, (D/E)	UN 1648 ACETONITRILE, 3, II (2°C c.c.)	UN 1648 Acetonitrile, 3, II	UN 1648 ACETONITRILE, 3, II	UN 1648 ACETONITRILE, 3, II
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>				
3	3	3	3	3
				
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>				
II	II	II	II	II
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>				
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available				

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

##### - Overland transport

- Classification code (ADR) : F1  
 Limited quantities (ADR) : 1I  
 Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2  
 Packing instructions (ADR) : P001, IBC02, R001  
 Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : MP19  
 Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR) : T7  
 Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (ADR) : TP2  
 Tank code (ADR) : LGBF  
 Vehicle for tank carriage : FL  
 Transport category (ADR) : 2  
 Special provisions for carriage - Operation (ADR) : S2, S20  
 Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33

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Orange plates : 

33
1648

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D/E

### - Transport by sea

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Subject  
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L  
Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E2  
Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001  
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC02  
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T7  
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP2  
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E  
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D  
Stowage category (IMDG) : B  
Stowage and handling (IMDG) : SW2  
Flash point (IMDG) : 2°C c.c.  
Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless, volatile liquid. Flashpoint: 2°C c.c. Explosive limits: 3% to 16% Miscible with water. When involved in a fire, evolves toxic cyanide fumes. Harmful if swallowed, by skin contact or by inhalation.  
MFAG-No : 127

### - Air transport

Transport regulations (IATA) : Subject to the provisions  
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2  
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341  
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L  
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353  
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L  
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364  
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L  
ERG code (IATA) : 3L

### - Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : F1  
Limited quantities (ADN) : 1 L  
Excepted quantities (ADN) : E2  
Carriage permitted (ADN) : T  
Equipment required (ADN) : PP, EX, A  
Ventilation (ADN) : VE01  
Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 1

### - Rail transport

Transport regulations (RID) : Subject  
Classification code (RID) : F1  
Limited quantities (RID) : 1L  
Excepted quantities (RID) : E2  
Packing instructions (RID) : P001, IBC02, R001  
Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP19  
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID) : T7  
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (RID) : TP2  
Tank codes for RID tanks (RID) : LGBF  
Transport category (RID) : 2  
Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE7



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Hazard identification number (RID) : 33

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions

Acetonitrile is not on the REACH Candidate List

Acetonitrile is not on the REACH Annex XIV List

VOC content : 100 %

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

##### Germany

VwVwS Annex reference : Water hazard class (WGK) 2, hazard to waters (Classification according to VwVwS, Annex 1 or 2; ID No. 8)

WGK remark : Classification water polluting in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 2)

12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV : Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

##### Netherlands

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : The substance is not listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : The substance is not listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding : The substance is not listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : The substance is not listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Ontwikkeling : The substance is not listed

##### Denmark

Class for fire hazard : Class I-1

Store unit : 1 liter

Classification remarks : F <Flam. Liq. 2>; Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed

Recommendations Danish Regulation : Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product  
Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product

The requirements from the Danish Working Environment Authorities regarding work with carcinogens must be followed during use and disposal

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No additional information available

## SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
EC50	Median effective concentration
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose

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REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302 + H312 + H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

SDS ISOLAB

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*